

1 – Mettre à la forme passive, conjuguez la forme verbale au temps demandé.

<p><u>Présent simple :</u> 1 – it (make) → it is made 2 – I (not obey) → I am not obeyed 3 – (punish/he/?) → Is he punished?</p>	<p><u>Present perfect:</u> 11 – you (cheat) → you have been cheated (on) 12 – we (not ask) → we haven't been asked 13 – (accept/she/?) → has she been accepted?</p>
<p><u>Prétérit simple :</u> 4 – she (tell) → she was told 5 – they (not warn) → they weren't warned 6 – (forgive/you/?) → were you forgiven?</p>	<p><u>Past perfect:</u> 14 – they (arrest) → they had been arrested 15 – she (not insult) → she had not been insulted 16 – (hear/it/?) → Had it been heard?</p>
<p><u>Présent be + V-ING :</u> 7 – it (repair) → it is being repaired 8 – (help/you/?) → are you being helped?</p>	<p><u>Avec les modaux (présent) :</u> 17 – it can (say) → it can be said 18 – it could not (prove) → it could not be proven (prove, proved, proven) 19 – should he (call/?) → should he be called?</p>
<p><u>Prétérit be + V-ING :</u> 9 – it (build) → it was being built 10 – they (not show) → they weren't being shown (show, showed, shown)</p>	<p><u>Avec les modaux (passé) :</u> 20 – She might (kill) → she might have been killed 21 – They must (throw away) → they must have been thrown away</p>

2 – Complete this description of the procedural history of the O.J. Simpson case using the passive forms of the verbs in brackets. Because a procedural history describes what happened in a case, all of the verbs will be in the past simple passive.

A – In 1994, the former American football star and actor OJ Simpson**was charged**. (charge) with the murder of his ex-wife Nicole Brown Simpson and her friend Ronald Goldman.

B – He ...**was tried**... (try) in criminal court for murder. After a lengthy and highly publicised trial, he**was acquitted**..... (acquit) the following year.

C – However, in a subsequent civil action in 1997, Simpson**was found**..... (find) liable for the wrongful death of Goldman and ...**was sentenced**..... (sentence) to pay \$33.5 million in damages.

3 – Mettre à la forme passive en gardant le complément d'agent.

- 1) A policeman will see you. **You will be seen by a policeman.**
Gainsborough painted this portrait. **This portrait was painted by Gainsborough.**
- 2) A girl runs the club. **The club is run by a girl.**
- 3) She will invite you. **You will be invited by her.**
- 4) Jennie's mother punished her. **Jennie was punished by her mother.**
- 5) In our school a Canadian teaches French. **French is taught by a Canadian in our school.**
- 6) John does the washing up. **The washing up is done by John.**
- 7) Will the cat catch the mouse? **Will the mouse be caught by the cat?**
- 8) Did Mrs Robinson invite them? **Were they invited by Mrs Robinson?**
- 9) The children will do the shopping. **The shopping will be done by the children.**